

State of Washington PUBLIC DISCLOSURE COMMISSION

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SILLIMAN PETER 34817 NE 23RD AVE LA CENTER, WA 98629

Also delivered electronically to "petermichael1969@gmail.com"

September 22, 2020

Subject: AMENDED C-1 Brief Enforcement Hearing Notice; PDC Case Number 76888

Dear SILLIMAN PETER:

Public Disclosure Commission (PDC) records indicate that you are a candidate for public office in 2020, and we have not received a Candidate Registration (C-1 report) disclosing your campaign information for the 2020 election cycle.

RCW 42.17A.205 requires candidates to file a C-1 report within two weeks of declaring their candidacy or no later than June 1, 2020.

In accordance with RCW 42.17A.110 and RCW 42.17A.755, a Brief Adjudicative Proceeding (Brief Enforcement Hearing) has been scheduled to determine if you violated RCW 42.17A.205 by failing to file the required C-1 report for the 2020 election cycle. Under the Brief Enforcement Hearing rules, the Presiding Officer has the authority to assess a civil penalty in accordance with WAC 390-37-143, a penalty schedule adopted by the Commission (see enclosed copy).

HEARING INFORMATION

Date and time: October 21, 2020 at 10:00 a.m.

Place: Remotely from Olympia

Live Audio and Online Transmission

Presiding Officer: David Ammons, Vice-Chair, Public Disclosure Commission

TO AVOID THE HEARING

In order to avoid the Brief Enforcement Hearing, please ensure that the following items are <u>received</u> by the PDC by <u>12:00 p.m. Thursday</u>, <u>October 15, 2020</u>:

- 1. A completed C-1 Report (C-1 Instructions are enclosed).
- 2. A signed Statement of Understanding (blank copy enclosed); and
- 3. A check or money order for \$100, made payable to Washington State Treasurer.

Mail the signed Statement of Understanding and payment to the following address:

Public Disclosure Commission PO Box 40908 Olympia, WA 98504-0908

If there are circumstances you wish to have considered at the Brief Enforcement Hearing, you may attend the hearing in person, participate by telephone, or submit written materials addressed to the Presiding Officer. For your information, most Respondents who participate at the Brief Enforcement hearings participate by telephone or in writing.

If you cannot participate either in person or by telephone at the Brief Enforcement Hearing, you may provide a written response describing the facts of your case and any circumstances or mitigating factors you would like the Presiding Officer to consider. Please submit your written response so it is received by no later than 12:00 p.m. Wednesday, October 14, 2020.

If you plan on participating at the Brief Enforcement hearing or have questions about the hearing process, please contact PDC Staff by email at pdc.wa.gov – and be sure to reference your case number in the subject line of the email.

Sincerely,

PDC Staff
Compliance and Enforcement Division

Enclosures:

- C-1 Report Instructions
- Statement of Understanding
- Brief Enforcement Hearings FAQ
- PDC Penalty Schedule



How to Register Your Candidacy with the PDC

Candidates for most state and local offices in Washington are required to register with the Public Disclosure Commission. Registration is done electronically* through the PDC's website.

To begin, you must have a Secure Access Washington (SAW) account. SAW allows you to securely file data with many Washington state agencies. If you already have a SAW account, use that one for your PDC filing — you don't have to make a new account for us.

If you don't have a SAW account, it's a quick and easy process to get one. You can create a SAW account <u>on this web page</u>. We have a video that shows you how <u>here</u>.

Once you've created a SAW account, you should follow this link to get to the campaign registration site. (You will not find the PDC listed among SAW's "Add A Service" options.)

The PDC's campaign registration system will lead you through the steps required to register your candidacy. The first step is to choose "Register a new candidate or committee" on the first screen of the registration system. From there, the system will ask a series of questions designed to collect the required information about your candidacy. This video shows you how it

works.

The registration system helps filers get it right by calling their attention to missing information and not allowing registrations to be submitted until that information is provided. Filling in a required field with n/a, "none" or some other filler language will likely result in the PDC returning your registration to you.

Filers often ask whether they must report the name of a bank if they don't expect to raise money and don't have a campaign account. The answer is yes. <u>State law</u> requires candidates to report the name and address of their depositories. If you do not have a bank account for your campaign, report the name of the bank where you would likely open an account if your campaign later decides to have one. If at some point you do open a bank account, and it's at a different institution than what you originally reported, you can amend your registration to reflect that change.

Once you submit your candidacy information to the PDC, we will verify that you have supplied the required information and process your registration. You will receive an email once that process is complete.

*State law requires use of electronic filing when a system is available. Filers can request a hardship exemption to electronic filing based on lack of technological ability. Hardship exemption requests can be emailed to pdc@pdc.wa.gov

Source URL: https://www.pdc.wa.gov/file-your-registration

Who Must File - Candidates who seek:

- state office (legislative or statewide executive);
- a state supreme court or state court of appeals position;
- local office in jurisdictions having 5,000 or more registered voters as of the last general election or in jurisdictions covering an entire county; or
- local office in jurisdictions of any size if the candidate receives or expects to receive \$5,000 or more in contributions

When to File – Within 2 weeks of becoming a candidate. A person becomes a candidate for PDC purposes when he or she <u>first</u> does any of the following:

- receives contributions, makes expenditures, or reserves space or facilities with intent to promote his or her candidacy;
- purchases commercial advertising space or broadcast time to promote his or her candidacy;
- authorizes another person to take one of these above actions on his or her behalf;
- announces publicly that he or she is seeking office; or
- files a declaration of candidacy with the appropriate elections official

Where to File – Online at https://apollo.pdc.wa.gov/campaign/committees Reports are considered filed as of the date the are electronically filed with the PDC. Candidates for city offices are advised to contact their City Clerk to learn if local filing is required by local ordinance. Keep a copy for the campaign's records.

When to Amend – Within 10 days of a material change to information provided on previously filed C-1.

"Officer" of a Candidate's Committee – Officer of a candidate's committee includes the following persons:

- any person designated as an officer on the C-1 registration statement; and
- any person who alone or in conjunction with other persons makes, directs, or authorizes contribution, expenditure, strategic or policy decisions on behalf of the committee [WAC 390-05-245]

For Instruction Manuals, click on the "Learn" tab at www.pdc.wa.gov

Public Disclosure Commission Statement of Understanding SILLIMAN PETER: PDC Case 76888

| I hereby acknowledge that I,, |
|--|
| (Printed Name of Respondent) |
| did not timely file the required Candidate Registration (C-1 Report) with the Public Disclosure Commission |
| (PDC) as required for a candidate seeking elected office in 2020. The C-1 Report was due to be filed within |
| two weeks of my becoming a candidate in the 2020 election, or no later than June 1, 2020, thereby violating |
| RCW 42.17A.205. |
| I want to avoid the time and expense resulting from a Brief Adjudicative Hearing (Brief Enforcement Hearing) |
| before the Presiding Officer. Therefore, I am filing the C-1 Report, completing the Statement of |
| Understanding, and enclosing a check or money order in the amount of \$100 for the late filed C-1 Report, in |
| lieu of an October 21, 2020, Brief Enforcement hearing being held. |
| I understand that this will resolve all issues with the PDC regarding my failure to timely file the C-1 Report, |
| provided that a check or money order for \$100, your on-line C-1 Report is completed, and this signed |
| Statement of Understanding are all received by Thursday, October 15, 2020. |
| |
| I further understand that Commission staff will not be scheduling a Brief Enforcement hearing before the Presiding Officer regarding my obligation to timely file the C-1 Report that was due within two weeks of candidacy. |
| |
| Signature of Respondent/Candidate Date Signed |
| Be sure to certify and submit your C-1 report on-line, and make your check or money order payable to |
| "Washington State Treasurer." Mail or deliver this Statement of Understanding, and your payment to the |
| following address: |

Public Disclosure Commission PO Box 40908 Olympia, WA 98504-0908

BRIEF ENFORCEMENT HEARINGS – INFORMATION FOR FILERS

You have received a letter or email from the PDC scheduling a Brief Enforcement Hearing before a PDC Commissioner. Here are the answers to some Frequently Asked Questions about these brief hearings. This FAQ is informational only and should not be considered legal advice.

What is a Brief Enforcement Hearing?

The PDC is responsible for enforcing the State's campaign finance laws. We may schedule what is called a Brief Enforcement Hearing (also known as a "Brief Adjudicative Proceeding" under the Administrative Procedure Act) to address compliance with campaign finance reporting requirements when evidence shows the following types of alleged violations may have occurred:

- Failure to file or timely file required reports of financial affairs, campaign contributions and/or expenditures, independent expenditures, or funds spent on lobbying;
- Improper use of public facilities or resources in election campaigns when the value of public funds expended or facilities used was minimal; and
- Infractions of political advertising laws regarding sponsor identification or political party identification.

Brief Enforcement Hearings may be scheduled on other matters as well, if the basic facts are agreed to or are not being contested, and it is anticipated that the likely penalty imposed (if a violation is found) will be \$1,000 or less. The Commission has adopted a penalty schedule for Brief Enforcement Hearings which can be found in the Washington Administrative Code WAC 390-37-143.

A Presiding Officer, who is a PDC Commissioner, will conduct the hearing. PDC staff will present the case to the Presiding Officer, and you will have an opportunity to explain the circumstances related to the alleged violations. You may do this in person, by telephone, or in writing by email or letter.

Who are the parties involved?

The PDC Staff initiates and investigates possible violations, and brings cases forward to the Commission or its Presiding Officer. The person who is alleged to be out of compliance with the law is referred to as the "Respondent."

What can I do to avoid the hearing?

If you received a hearing notice, you still have the opportunity to come into compliance by filing the missing report(s), paying the stated penalty, and completing a Statement of Understanding stipulating to the violation(s). If you would like to take this approach, please contact PDC Compliance and Enforcement Staff at pdc@pdc.wa.gov.

What do I do to prepare for the hearing?

The brief hearings are informal in nature. You are not required to have an attorney for this hearing. Hearings take place in the PDC meeting room where Commission meetings are held. You need to let the Staff know at least <u>five business days before the hearing</u> whether you will be participating in-person or by phone, or prefer not to participate.

In-person participation. If you are attending in-person, bring all of the written information that you want the Presiding Officer to consider in making a decision. You will need to bring three copies of any document — one for you, one for PDC Staff, and one for the Presiding Officer. Alternatively, you may submit one copy to PDC Staff and they'll provide a copy to the Presiding Officer, as long as it is received five business days before the day of the hearing.

If you are having other people (witnesses) testify on your behalf, they must be available at the hearing, and Staff needs to be informed of the number of witnesses and time needed for their testimony when you notify the Staff of your participation. The scheduled hearing starting time is the start time for several matters that will be heard by the Presiding Officer, and your case may not be the first one heard. So you will need to remain available to participate until your case is called.

Participation by telephone. If you wish to participate by phone, please let PDC Staff know five business days before the hearing the number where you can be reached and the timeframe you are available. You must be available at the designated time and telephone number. As mentioned above, the hearing time is an estimate, and you must be available until your case is called.

Participation in-writing. If you are participating only by submitting written materials, make sure any written materials you want the Presiding Officer to consider are delivered to the PDC office no later than five business days before the hearing.

Waiving your right to participate. If you have submitted nothing in writing prior to the hearing, have made no other arrangements, and you do not appear in person, by phone, or through your legal counsel at the hearing, it will be presumed that you have decided to waive your right to participate at the hearing.

What happens at the hearing?

The Presiding Officer will introduce the participants and explain the procedure for the hearing. The hearing will be audio-taped.

The Presiding Officer will swear-in PDC Staff for them to present information regarding the alleged violation of law. You will then have an opportunity to testify, which is your opportunity to present information. All testimony by Staff, Respondents, and witnesses is given under oath, but you are seated at a regular meeting table with a microphone, not in a courtroom. The Presiding Officer may ask you some questions about the information you, PDC Staff, or witnesses have presented. If you have decided to participate in writing instead of in person or by phone, your written information will be considered by the Presiding Officer as part of the hearing materials.

If at any time the Presiding Officer believes the alleged violations are serious enough to merit penalties greater than \$1,000, the Presiding Officer will adjourn the hearing and direct that the matter be scheduled for a hearing before the full Commission at a later time.

How is the decision made?

After considering all the information presented at the hearing, the Presiding Officer will make a decision about the allegation(s) and any appropriate penalty amount. The decision is typically announced orally at the hearing.

The Presiding Officer will use the penalty schedule referred to above that has been adopted by the Commission in rule to determine the appropriate penalty for certain types of violations, taking into account aggravating and mitigating factors. The penalty schedule is below.

What happens after my hearing?

A written decision, called an Initial Order, laying out the Presiding Officer's ruling, including the findings and the penalty, will be sent to you. The PDC tries to get orders issued within 10 days if possible, and not later than 30 days. If a monetary penalty is imposed in the Initial Order, the penalty must be paid to the **Washington State Treasurer**, and mailed to the address listed in the Order cover letter within the time frame stated in the Order.

Along with your Initial Order, you will also receive information about your appeal rights, including how to request review or reconsideration by the full Commission if you disagree with the Initial Order. Follow these procedures carefully if you wish to appeal. If there is no appeal before the PDC, the Initial Order becomes a Final Order, and further appeals must be made in Superior Court.

What are the rules that apply to the procedures of my hearing?

The PDC's laws and rules are available on the PDC's website at www.pdc.wa.gov. The laws are in the Revised Code of Washington (RCW) Chapter 42.17A. The rules are in the Washington Administrative Code (WAC) Title 390. Brief Adjudicative Proceedings are described at WAC 390-37-140 through 390-37-150 and in the Administrative Procedure Act (APA) at RCW 34.05.482-494.

Penalty Schedule [WAC 390-37-143]:

The Presiding Officer may assess a penalty up to one thousand dollars upon finding a violation of chapter 42.17A RCW or Title 390 WAC.

(1) Base penalty amounts:

| Violation | 1st Occasion | 2nd Occasion | 3rd Occasion | | |
|--|---------------------------|--------------------------------|---|--|--|
| Failure to timely file an accurate and complete statement of financial affairs (F-1): | | | | | |
| Filed report after hearing notice, but before enforcement hearing. Provided written explanation or appeared at hearing to explain mitigating circumstances. Did not enter into statement of understanding. | \$0 - \$150 | \$150 - \$300 | \$300 - \$600 | | |
| Filed report after hearing notice, but before enforcement hearing. Did not enter into statement of understanding. | \$150 | \$300 | \$600 | | |
| Failed to file report by date of enforcement hearing. | \$250 | \$500 | \$1,000 | | |
| Candidate's failure to timely file an accurate and complete registration statement (C-1)/statement of financial affairs (F-1): | | | | | |
| Filed report after hearing notice, but before enforcement hearing. Provided written explanation or appeared at hearing to explain mitigating circumstances. Did not enter into statement of understanding. | \$0 - \$150 per report | \$150 - \$300 per report | \$300 - \$600 per report up to \$1,000 | | |
| Filed report after hearing notice, but before enforcement hearing. Did not enter into statement of understanding. | \$150 per report | \$300 per report | \$600 per report up to \$1,000 | | |
| Failed to file report by date of enforcement hearing. | \$250 per report | \$500 per report | consideration by full commission | | |
| Failure to timely file an accurate and complete lobbyist monthly expense report (L-2): | | | | | |
| Filed report after hearing notice, but before enforcement hearing. Provided written explanation or appeared at hearing to explain mitigating circumstances. Did not enter into statement of understanding. | \$0 - \$150 | \$150 - \$300 | \$300 - \$600 | | |
| | | | | | |

| Filed report after hearing notice, but before enforcement hearing. Did not enter into statement of understanding. | \$150 | \$300 | \$600 |
|--|-------------|------------------|---------------|
| Failed to file report by date of enforcement hearing. | \$250 | \$500 | \$1,000 |
| Failure to timely file an accurate and complete lobbyist employer report (L-3): | 1 | • | |
| Filed report after hearing notice, but before enforcement hearing. Provided written explanation or appeared at hearing to explain mitigating circumstances. Did not enter into statement of understanding. | \$0 - \$150 | \$150 - \$300 | \$300 - \$600 |
| Filed report after hearing notice, but before enforcement hearing. Did not enter into statement of understanding. | \$150 | \$300 | \$600 |
| Failed to file report by date of enforcement hearing. | \$250 | \$500 | \$1,000 |
| Failure to timely file accurate and complete disclosure reports: | 1 | • | -1 |
| Political committee registration (C-1pc). | \$150 | \$300 | \$600 |
| Statement of contributions deposit (C-3). | \$150 | \$300 | \$600 |
| Summary of total contributions and expenditures (C-4). | \$150 | \$300 | \$600 |
| Independent expenditures and electioneering communications (C-6). | \$150 | \$300 | \$600 |
| Last minute contribution report (LMC). | \$150 | \$300 | \$600 |
| Out-of-state committee report (C-5). | \$150 | \$300 | \$600 |
| Annual report of major contributors (C-7). | \$150 | \$300 | \$600 |
| Failure to timely file accurate and complete reports disclosing lobbying activities: | | I | |
| Lobbyist registration (L-1). | \$150 | \$300 | \$600 |
| Public agency lobbying report (L-5). | \$150 | \$300 | \$600 |
| Grass roots lobbying report (L-6). | \$150 | \$300 | \$600 |
| Failure to file electronically. | \$350 | \$650 | \$1,000 |
| Exceeding contribution limits. | \$150 | \$300 | \$600 |
| Exceeding mini reporting threshold. | \$150 | \$300 | \$600 |
| Failure to comply with political advertising sponsor identification requirements. | \$150 | \$300 | \$600 |
| Failure to include required candidate's party preference in political advertising. | \$150 | \$300 | \$600 |
| Failure to comply with other political advertising requirements, RCW 42.17A.330through 42.17A.345. | \$150 | \$300 | \$600 |

| Use of public facilities to assist a campaign for election or promote a ballot measure. | \$150 | \$300 | \$600 | | | |
|--|-------------|------------------|---------------|--|--|--|
| Treasurer's failure to timely file an accurate and complete annual treasurer's report (T-1): | | | | | | |
| Filed report after hearing notice, but before enforcement hearing. Provided written explanation or appeared at hearing to explain mitigating circumstances. Did not enter into statement of understanding. | \$0 - \$150 | \$150 - \$300 | \$300 - \$600 | | | |
| Filed report after hearing notice, but before enforcement hearing. Did not enter into statement of understanding. | \$150 | \$300 | \$600 | | | |
| Failed to file report by date of enforcement hearing. | \$250 | \$500 | \$1,000 | | | |

[&]quot;Occasion" means established violation. Only violations in the last five years will be considered for the purpose of determining second and third occasions.

- (2) In determining the appropriate penalty, the presiding officer may consider the nature of the violation and aggravating and mitigating factors, including:
- (a) Whether the respondent is a first-time filer;
- (b) The respondent's compliance history for the last five years, including whether the noncompliance was isolated or limited in nature, indicative of systematic or ongoing problems, or part of a pattern of violations by the respondent, or in the case of a political committee or other entity, part of a pattern of violations by the respondent's officers, staff, principal decision makers, consultants, or sponsoring organization;
- (c) The respondent's unpaid penalties from a previous enforcement action;
- (d) The impact on the public, including whether the noncompliance deprived the public of timely or accurate information during a time-sensitive period, or otherwise had a significant or material impact on the public;
- (e) The amount of financial activity by the respondent during the statement period or election cycle;
- (f) Whether the late or unreported activity was significant in amount or duration under the circumstances, including in proportion to the total amount of expenditures by the respondent in the campaign or statement period;
- (g) Corrective action or other remedial measures initiated by respondent prior to enforcement action, or promptly taken when noncompliance brought to respondent's attention;
- (h) Good faith efforts to comply, including consultation with PDC staff prior to initiation of enforcement action and cooperation with PDC staff during enforcement action, and a demonstrated wish to acknowledge and take responsibility for the violation;
- (i) Personal emergency or illness of the respondent or member of his or her immediate family;
- (j) Other emergencies such as fire, flood, or utility failure preventing filing;
- (k) Sophistication of respondent or the financing, staffing, or size of the respondent's campaign or organization; and
- (l) PDC staff, third-party vendor, or equipment error, including technical problems at the agency preventing or delaying electronic filing.
- (3) The presiding officer has authority to suspend all or a portion of an assessed penalty under the conditions to be determined by that officer including, but not limited to, payment of the nonsuspended portion of the penalty within five business days of the date of the entry of the order in that case.
- (4) If, on the third occasion, a respondent has outstanding penalties or judgments, the matter will be directed to the full commission for consideration.

- (5) The presiding officer may direct a matter to the full commission if the officer believes one thousand dollars would be an insufficient penalty or the matter warrants consideration by the full commission. Cases will automatically be scheduled before the full commission for an enforcement action when the respondent:
- (a) Was found in violation during a previous reporting period;
- (b) The violation remains in effect following any appeals; and
- (c) The person has not filed the disclosure forms that were the subject of the prior violation at the time the current hearing notice is being sent.

[Statutory Authority: RCW <u>42.17A.110</u>(1) and 2018 c 304. WSR 18-24-074, § 390-37-143, filed 11/30/18, effective 12/31/18. Statutory Authority: RCW <u>42.17A.110</u>(1) and <u>42.17A.570</u>. WSR 18-10-088, § 390-37-143, filed 5/1/18, effective 6/1/18. Statutory Authority: RCW <u>42.17A.110</u>. WSR 17-03-004, § 390-37-143, filed 1/4/17, effective 2/4/17.]